ONE TIME EXIT SCHEME

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Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, April 2018 **Optical Fiber Communication**

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

> Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- 1 What are the advantages and applications of optical fiber communication? (06 Marks)
 - With suitable diagrams, give comparison of conventional single-mode and multimode step index and grading index optical fibers. (08 Marks)
 - With neat diagram explain the structure of a six fiber cable created by standing six basic fiber building blocks around a central strength member (06 Marks)
- Explain the macrobending loss and microbending loss with relevant diagrams. (08 Marks)
 - Explain material dispersion and waveguide dispersion with derivation and relevant graph. b. (08 Marks)

- For a single mode fiber $n_2 = 1.48$ and $\Delta = 0.2\%$ operating at $\lambda = 1320$ nm. Compute the waveguide dispersion if $V \cdot \frac{d^2(V_b)}{dV^2} = 0.26$ (04 Marks)
- Explain the structure of LED with cross-sectional drawing of a GaALAs double-hetero 3 structure light emitter, energy band diagram and variations in the refractive index.

(08 Marks) (04 Marks)

- b. Give comparison between LED and Laser diode.
- c. Explain the operation of the Avalanche photodiode with schematic diagram and variation of E-field across diode. (05 Marks)
- d. Photons having energy 1.53×10^{-19} Joules are incident on a photodiode having responsivity of 0.65 A/W. If output power is 10 μW. Find the generated photocurrent. (03 Marks)
- With relevant diagrams explain the possible lensing schemes used to improve optical source to fiber coupling efficiency. (06 Marks)
 - b. Explain the operation of the V-groove optical fiber splicing technique and fusion splicing of optical fibers with relevant diagrams. (08 Marks)
 - c. Explain the structure of the two alignment schemes used in fiber-optic connectors (i) straight sleeve and (ii) tapered sleeve with diagrams. (06 Marks)

- Explain the operation of the basic sections of an optical receiver with relevant block 5 diagram. (06 Marks)
 - b. Explain the following terms briefly:
 - (i) Receiver sensitivity
 - (ii) Quantum limit (06 Marks)
 - c. Explain the 'Eye Pattern Features' with (i) General configuration of an eye-diagram showing the definitions of fundamental measurement parameters (ii) Simplified eyediagram showing the key performance parameters. (08 Marks)

- 6 a. Explain the operation of the multichannel Amplitude modulation technique with suitable diagram. (07 Marks
 - b. Explain the principle of operation of the Radio-over-fiber concept of a broadband acces network for interconnecting antenna base stations with the central controlling office.

(07 Marks

- c. Design an optical fiber link for transmitting 15 Mb/sec of data for a distance of 4 kms with BER of 10⁻⁹. (06 Marks
- 7 a. Explain the principle of operation of the wavelength division multiplexing system containing various types of optical amplifiers. (07 Marks)
 - Explain the design and operation of a polarization independent isolator made of thre miniature optical components.

 (07 Marks)
 - c. With suitable schematic diagram explain the principle of operation of the adding and dropping wavelengths with a 4×4 OADM device that uses miniature switching mirrors.

(06 Marks

- 8 a. Explain the basic operation of a generic optical amplifier, with couplers. (05 Marks)
 - b. With relevant diagrams explain the principle of operation of the SONET/SDH rings.

(09 Marks)

c. Explain the importance of the High speed lightwave links. Also explain about links operating at 10 Gb/s. (06 Marks)

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